

EXERCISE SESSION 4*

for the lecture “The phase diagram of ERAPs in $d = 1$ ”

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Exercise 1 (*) (BASIC PROPERTIES OF THE STANDARD BROWNIAN BRIDGE) Recall the definition of the standard brownian Bridge B_τ by the following equality in law

$$B_\tau = W_\tau - \tau W_1, \quad \tau \in [0, 1].$$

where W_τ denotes one dimensional Wiener process.

✎ Show the following:

a) Prove the following equality in law

$$\sum_{k=1}^n B_\tau^{(k)} \stackrel{\text{law}}{=} \sqrt{n} B_\tau$$

where $(B_\tau^{(k)})_{k=1}^n$ are n independent standard Brownian bridges.

b) Given two times $t_1, t_2 \in [0, 1]$, $t_2 > t_1$, and two positions $x_1, x_2 \in \mathbb{R}$, provide an expression for the conditional probability density of $B_{t_2} = x_2$ given $B_{t_1} = x_1$.

Exercise 2 (**)** (ERAP AND A FUNCTIONAL OF THE BROWNIAN BRIDGE) Consider the standard Brownian Bridge B_τ on $[0, 1]$ defined in Exercise 1. Define the following functional

$$\Phi(B_\tau; \Lambda_p) \stackrel{\text{def}}{=} \int_0^1 |B_\tau - \Lambda_p|^p d\tau, \quad (1)$$

where Λ_p is a real-valued random shift independent on τ . The goal of the exercise is to study the functional 1 via a variational principle.

✎ Address the following three points:

a) Discuss \exists and $!$ of extremizers Λ_p^* depending on p .

b) Prove that $\forall p \geq 1$, any minimizer Λ_p^* is centered. Provide a geometrical interpretation of Λ_p^* . What does Λ_2^* represent? Relate it to the solution of Exercise 2, Session 3. Same for Λ_1^* .

c) Prove that $\frac{d}{dp} \mathbb{E} [(\Lambda_p^*)^2] > 0$ for $p \in [1, \infty)$.

*Latest version (August 3, 2024) available electronically at: <https://matteodachille.github.io/teaching>

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